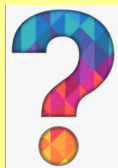




# RE-Theology




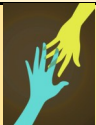



## Knowledge Organiser

### THE BIG QUESTION



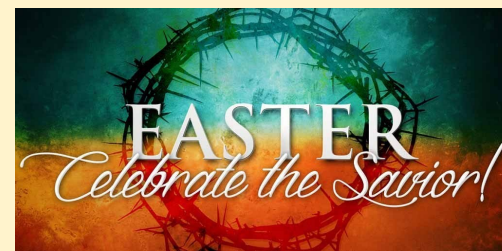
What difference does the resurrection make to Christians?



#### Vocabulary

	<b>Crucifixion</b>	It was a method of capital punishment where the victim is tied or nailed to a large wooden cross and left there until they died.
	<b>Easter Sunday</b>	It is the most important festival in the Christian calendar. It celebrates Jesus rising from the dead three days after he was executed.
	<b>Eternal Life</b>	Christians believe that this is a gift from God for those who believe in Jesus Christ. Christians believe that life continues after death.
	<b>Forgiveness</b>	Forgiveness is an important concept in Christianity. They make a conscious effort to forgive and let go of feelings that come with bearing a grudge against someone.
	<b>Good Friday</b>	This is observed on the Friday before Easter Sunday. On this day Christians commemorate the suffering and death on the cross of Jesus Christ.
	<b>Gospel</b>	These are in the New Testament and are the four Biblical narratives about Jesus' life and death.
	<b>Redemption</b>	In Christianity it is the belief that humans can be saved from sin and redeemed through the actions of Jesus Christ.

## Year 5 Summer term Information we will learn:

- Jesus: As God incarnate, also known as the Son of God. Christian belief that Jesus fulfilled prophecies about the Messiah.
- Salvation: Gospel accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection and the various interpretations of these accounts in terms of the meaning of salvation (e.g. forgiveness, sacrifice, redemption).
- Textual theology: consideration of genre, author, content, reliability and audience in relation to the Gospels and resurrection of Jesus .
- Festivals: the diverse ways in which people celebrate festivals such as Easter.



	<b>Sacrifice</b>	Christianity teaches that God has given humanity the opportunity from salvation from sin through the incarnation and sacrifice of Jesus Christ.
	<b>Salvation</b>	The act of keeping away from evil or saving from sin.

## What we will aim to do at the end of our learning:



- Describe the similarities and differences between the Gospel accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection.
- Describe the connections between sacrifice in the OT and NT and the link to Jesus as the ultimate sacrifice.
- Describe the significance of resurrection and how it shapes how Christians see the world and others.
- Describe how the resurrection effects how Christians might live

